

A Poll of Virginia Voters

Views on Criminal Justice and Commonwealth's Attorneys

September 2018

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About the Survey

Mode Telephone survey conducted by trained professional interviewers from

a central, monitored location

Sample 801 Virginia likely 2019 voters

Interviewing Dates August 28 – September 9, 2018

Weights Slight demographic weights were applied to ensure the sample

accurately reflects the demographic profile of the potential 2019

Virginia electorate

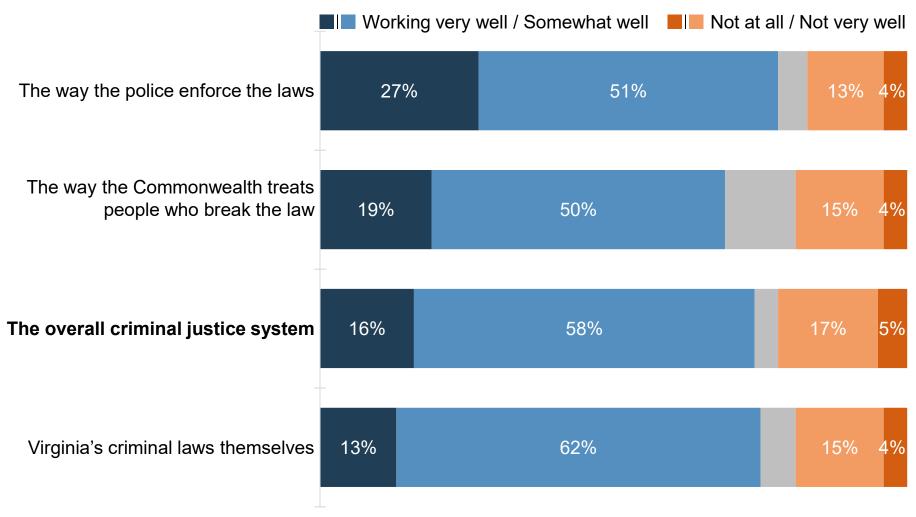
Margin of Error ±3.5 at the 95% confidence level for the entire sample; the margin of

error for subgroups is higher

Note Some data may not add to 100% due to rounding



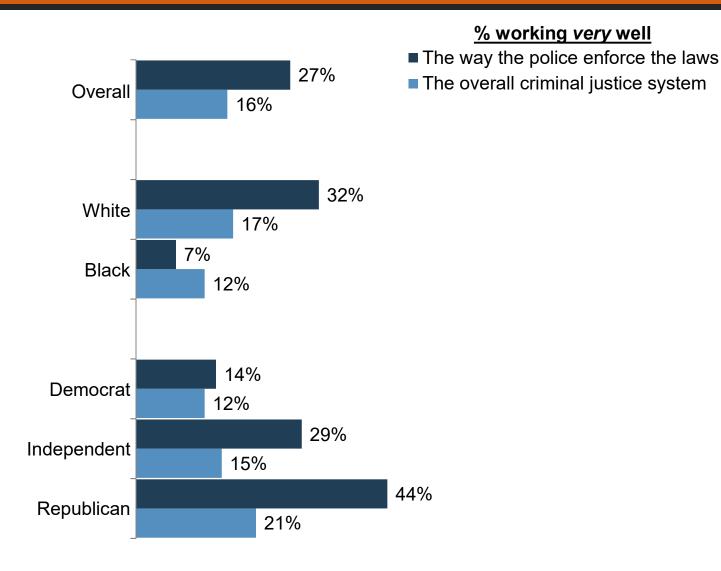
Evaluations of the criminal justice system are lukewarm; few think it's working *very* well.





Note: Remainder Not Sure / Refused

Whites and Republicans have much more positive evaluations of police enforcement than of the overall justice system.

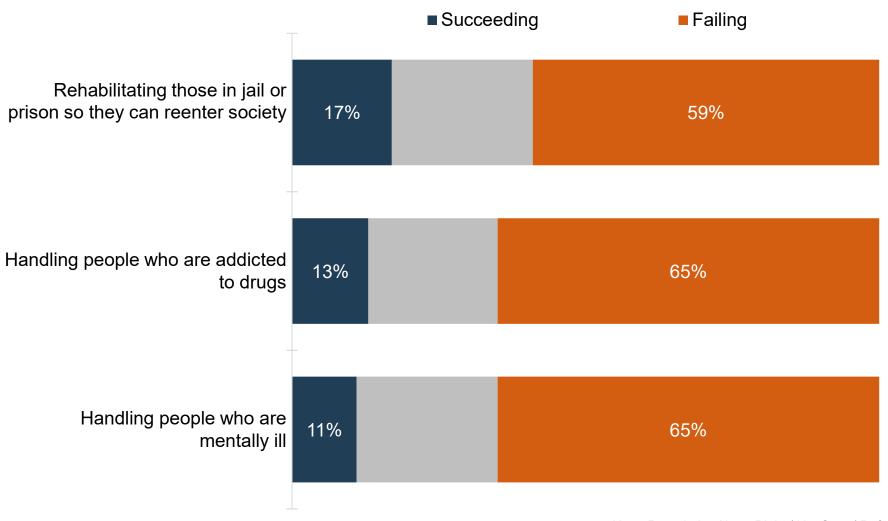




Those who say the system isn't working primarily blame a lack of fairness.

| Why is the criminal justice system not working? | | |
|---|--|-----|
| LACK OF FAIRNESS: 62% | Unfair/lack of equality | 29% |
| | Prison time for minor offenses | 18 |
| | Racial differences | 17 |
| | Criminalization for marijuana | 7 |
| | Favors the rich | 7 |
| | Lack of police accountability | 6 |
| LACK OF ENFORCEMENT: 36% | Too soft on crime | 22 |
| | Existing laws aren't being enforced | 12 |
| | Illegal immigration/not being deported | 5 |
| LACK OF REHABILITATION: 12% | Lack of effort to rehabilitate | 10 |
| NEED FOR PRISON REFORM: 5% | Privatization of prison system | 4 |

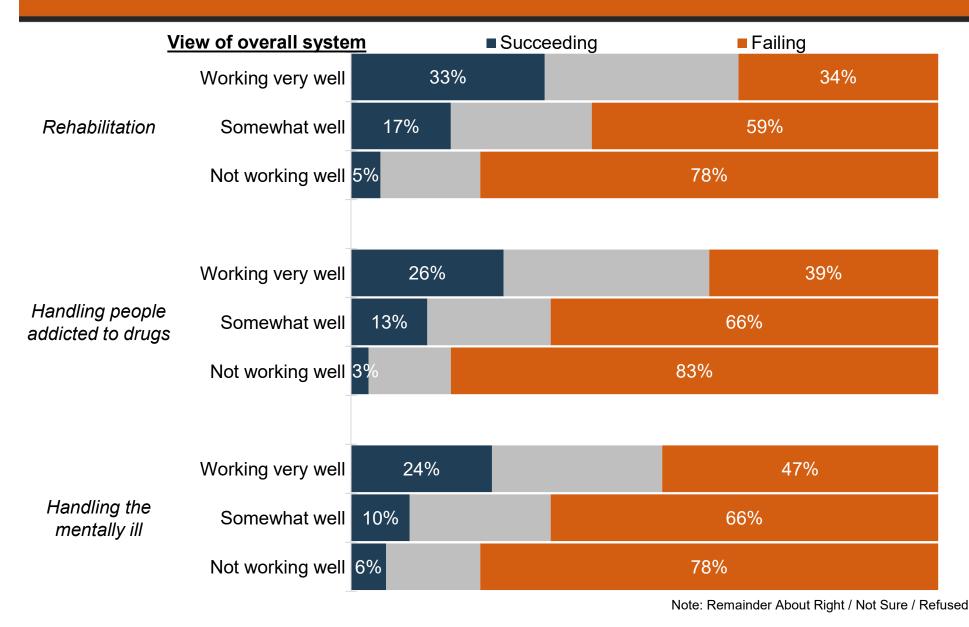
Majorities think the system is failing at rehabilitation and at handling those with mental illness or drug addiction.



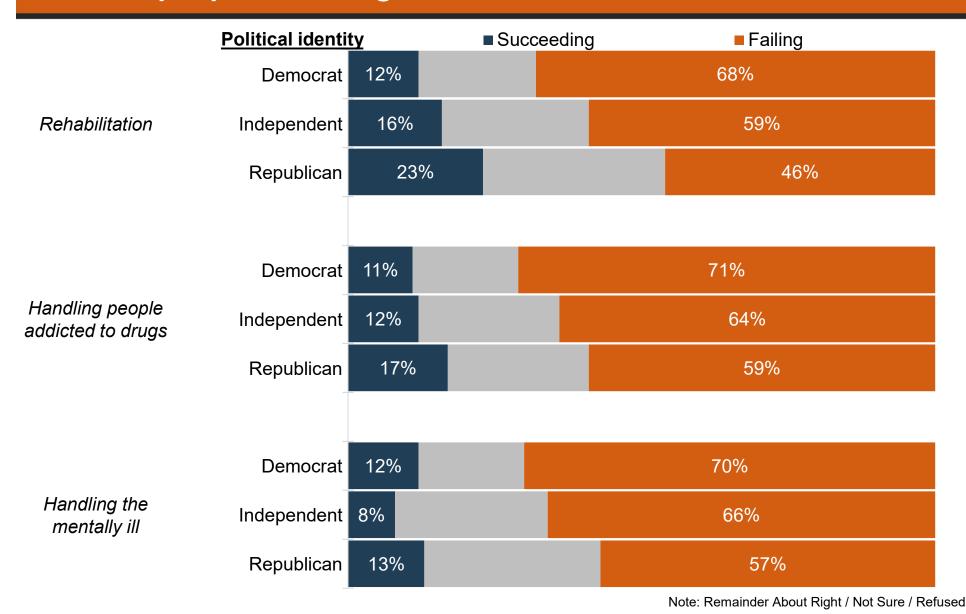


Note: Remainder About Right / Not Sure / Refused

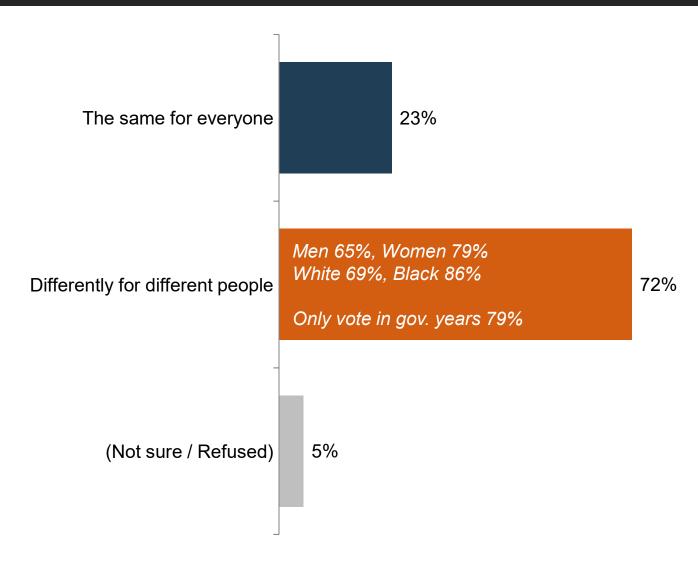
Even voters who think the criminal justice system is working somewhat well see it failing at rehabilitation and handling drug and mental health cases.



Majorities across the political spectrum believe VA is failing to handle people with drug and mental health issues.



Three-quarters of voters think the system works differently for different people.



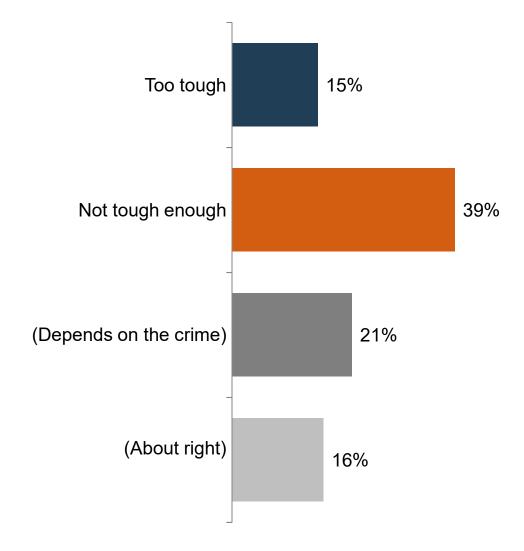


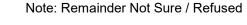
Economic inequality is seen as the primary source of unfairness in the system, followed by racial inequality.

| Why does the system work differently for some? | | |
|--|--|-----|
| ECONOMIC INEQUALITY: 48% | Favors the rich | 36% |
| | Have to have a good attorney | 12 |
| | Depends on social class / neighborhood | 11 |
| | Favors the connected | 5 |
| RACIAL INEQUALITY: 35% | Racial inequality | 35 |
| BIAS: 20% | Lack of consistency / differing sentences for same crime | 8 |
| | Personal bias of judge, lawyer, or police | 6 |
| | Criminal justice is unfair everywhere | 5 |
| MISCELLANEOUS: 26% | Based on personal experience | 6 |
| | Depends on the situation | 6 |
| | Politics | 5 |

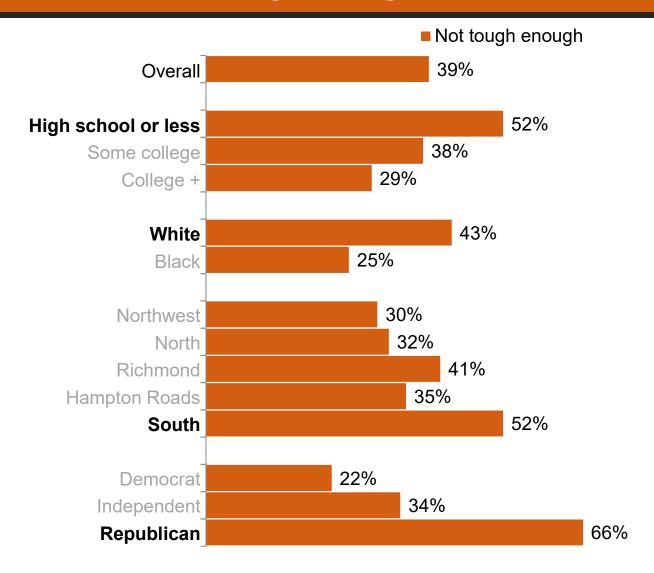


Four-in-ten voters think Virginia is too soft on crime.



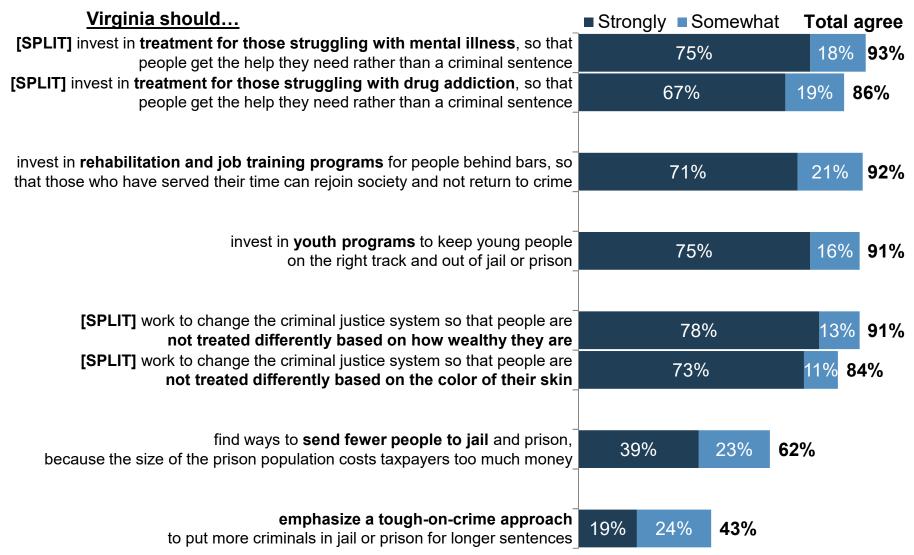


Republicans, less educated voters, and those in the southern region think VA is not tough enough on crime.



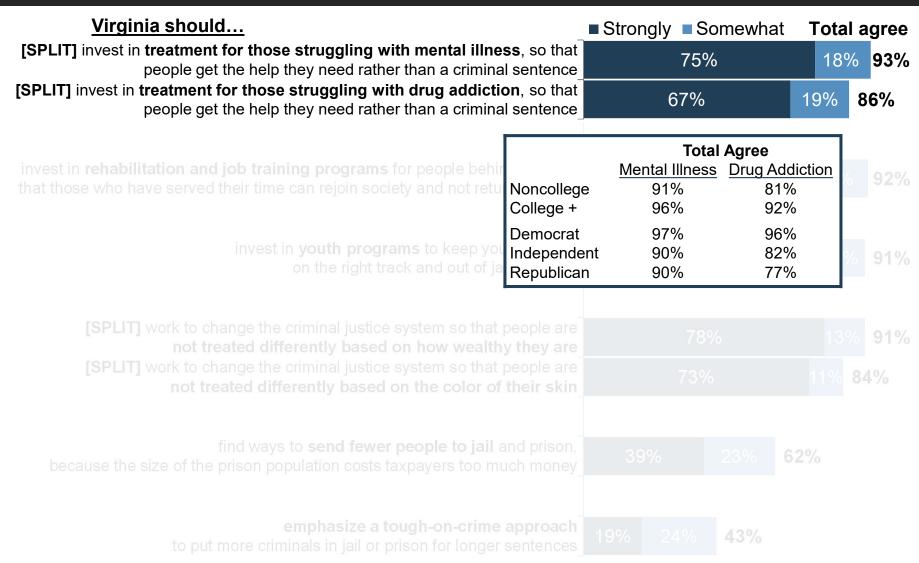


Huge majorities agree VA should focus on a range of reform priorities; just four-in-ten want a tough-on-crime approach.

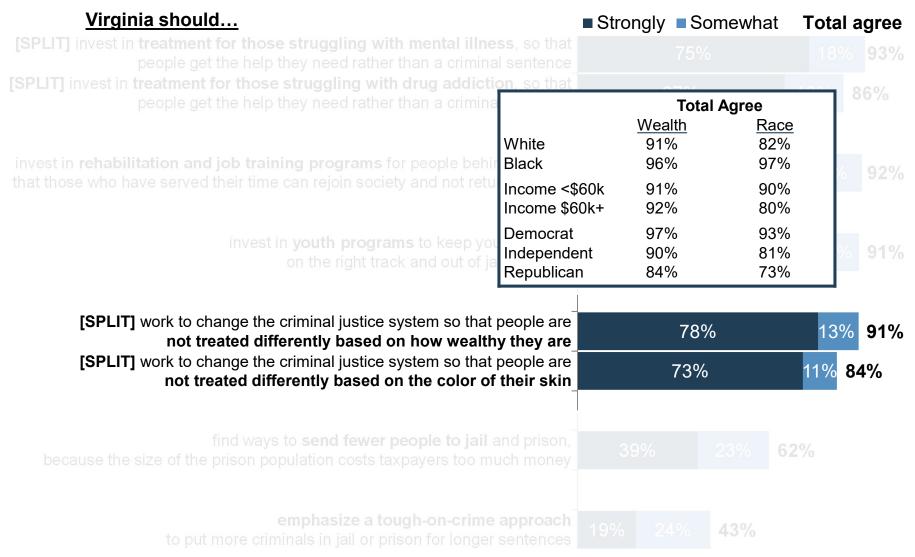




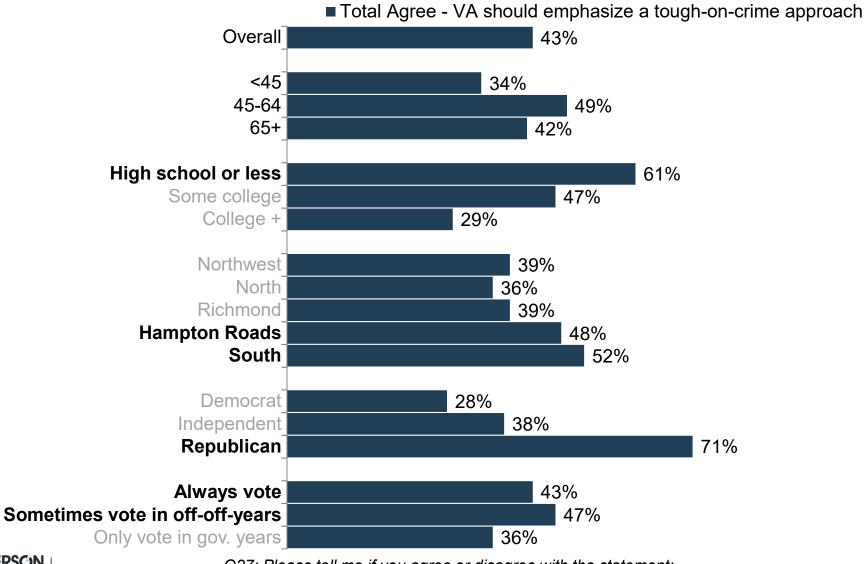
Treating mental illness garners slightly more support than treating drug addiction, particularly among noncollege and Republican audiences.



Reducing economic biases in the system generates broader agreement than a focus on reducing racial bias.



A tough-on-crime approach resonates with Republicans, less educated voters, and those in southern VA.





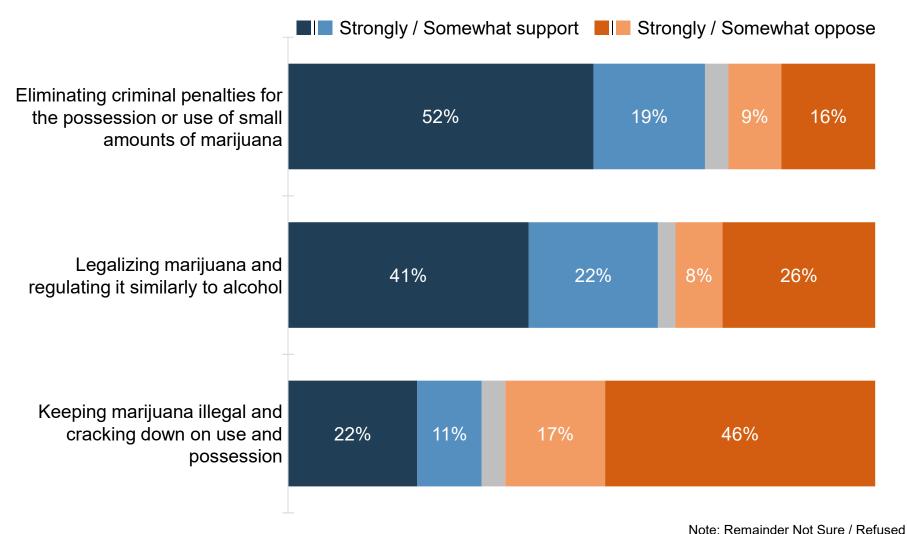
Q27: Please tell me if you agree or disagree with the statement:

Virginia should emphasize a tough-on-crime approach to put more criminals in jail or prison for longer sentences

Marijuana

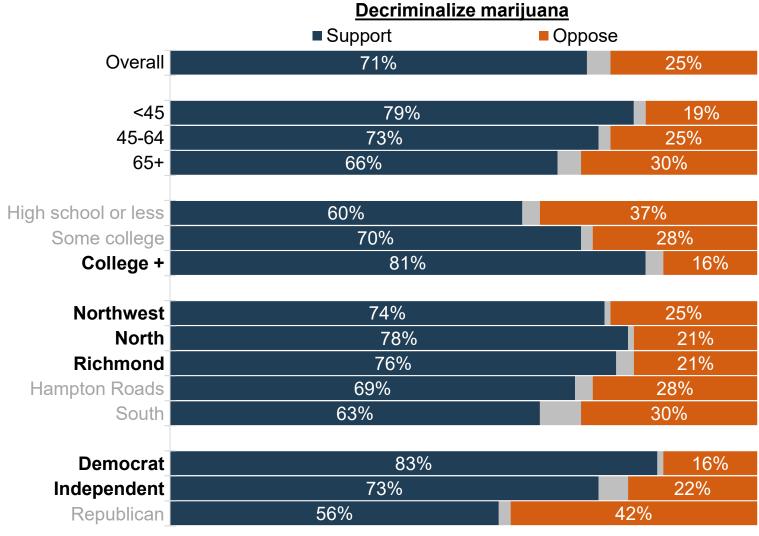


Wide majorities support decriminalizing – or even legalizing – marijuana.



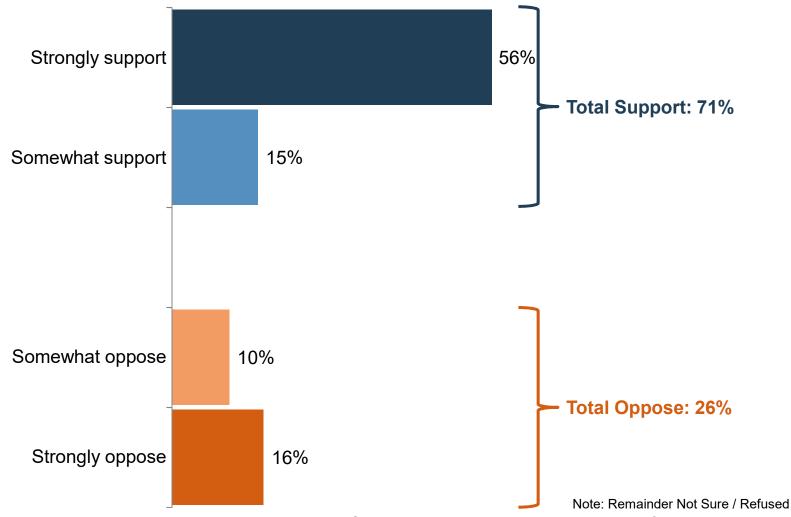


Profile of Support for Decriminalization





A strong push message on decrim does not move many voters, suggesting minds are already made up.

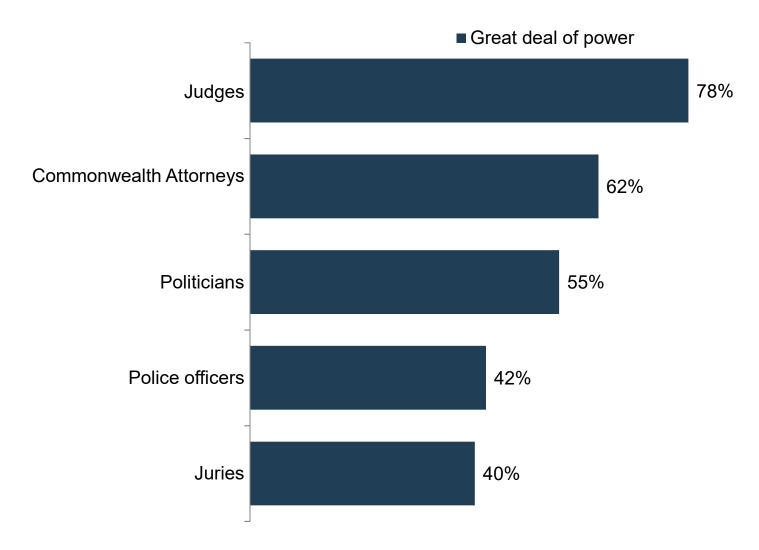


Q32: Those who support decriminalizing marijuana point out that the Commonwealth convicted 25,000 people of simple marijuana possession in 2017. They say prosecuting these minor offenses costs taxpayers millions of dollars, forever changes lives by exposing people to the criminal justice system, and disproportionately harms people of color, who are nearly four times more likely to be arrested for possession. Hearing this, do you support or oppose eliminating criminal penalties for the possession of small amounts of marijuana?

The Role of Commonwealth's Attorneys



Voters think CAs have a lot of power in dispensing justice...





Q33 – 37: Please tell me whether you think each of the following types of people have a great deal of power, some power, not much power, or no real power in influencing how criminal justice is dispensed in Virginia.

...and are concerned about both the lack of oversight and CAs ability to unfairly distort the justice system.

